Practice Examples:

1. If the diameter of a circle is 6 , find the radius and circumference.

Review of Content: radius $=1 / 2$ diameter and $C=d \pi$ or $C=2 \pi r$
2. Find the circumference of the circle.

Review of Content: radius $=1 / 2$ diameter and $C=d \pi$ or $C=2 \pi r$


## 3. Find the measure of each angle or arc.

Review of Content: Central angles are equal to the measure of the arc.


$$
\begin{array}{lc}
m \angle S C T & m \widehat{Q U} \\
m \angle Q C T & m \widehat{Q T U} \\
m \angle U C R & m \widehat{R Q U}
\end{array}
$$

4. The diameter of circle $O$ is 24 m long. Find the length of $\widehat{D E}$ if $\boldsymbol{m} \angle E O D=120^{\circ}$. Round to the nearest thousandth.

Review of Content: Arc Length: $L=\frac{\theta}{360} C, \theta=$ central angle


## 5. Find the measure of each angle or arc.

Review of Content: The inscribed angle is half the measure of the central angle or arc.
 If $m \angle C O A=60^{\circ}$, find $m \angle A B C$ and $m \widehat{A C}$. Inscribed Angle


## 6. Find the measure of each angle or arc.

Review of Content: The inscribed angle is half the measure of the central angle or arc.

Refer to the figure. Find each measure.
a. $m \angle A B C$
b. $m \overparen{C D}$
c. $m \overparen{A D}$
d. $m \angle B A C$
e. $m \angle B C A$
f. $m \overparen{A B}$
g. $m \widehat{B C D}$
h. $m \widehat{B D A}$

7. If $m \angle A B C=130^{\circ}$, find $m \angle A D C$.

Review of Content: The inscribed angle is half the measure of the central angle or arc.

8. Quadrilateral RSTU is inscribed in circle $P$ such that $\boldsymbol{m S T U}=220^{\circ}$ and $\boldsymbol{m} \angle S=95^{\circ}$, find $m \angle R, m \angle T, m \angle U, m \widehat{R U T}, m \widehat{S R U}$, and $m \widehat{R S T}$.
Review of Content: If a quadrilateral is inscribed in a circle, then its opposite angles are supplementary.


## 9. Determine the measure of each arc.

Review of Content: In a circle or in congruent circles, two minor arcs are congruent if and only if their corresponding chords are congruent.

10. Circle $R$ has a radius of $\mathbf{1 6 c m}$. Radius $R U$ is perpendicular to $T V, T V=22 \mathrm{~cm}$. If $\boldsymbol{m} \widehat{T V}=110^{\circ}$ find $\boldsymbol{m} \widehat{U V}$, and the length of RS.
Review of Content:
Diameters and Chords

- In a circle, if a diameter is perpendicular to a chord, then it bisects the chord and its arc.
- In a circle or in congruent circles, two chords are congruent if and only if they are equidistant from the center.


11. Chords $M O$ and $P R$ are equidistant from the center. If the radius is 15 m , find MO and $P Q$. Review of Content:

## Diameters and Chords

- In a circle, if a diameter is perpendicular to a chord, then it bisects the chord and its arc.
- In a circle or in congruent circles, two chords are congruent if and only if they are equidistant from the center.


