5.3 Notes-Indirect Proof

<u>Indirect proof-</u> A way to prove a statement true by assuming its conclusion is false and showing that this assumption leads to a contradiction of the given, definition, theorem or postulate known to be true.

Steps	for	writing	an	indirect	proof:

Assume the	is	aka "оррс	osite"
2. Show work or write explanations which theorem, definition, or postulate.	lead to a	of the	info,
3.			

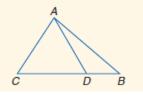
State that the assumption must be _____ and the original ____ must be true.

Example 1

Write an indirect proof.

Given: $m \angle ADC \neq m \angle ADB$

Prove: \overline{AD} is not an altitude of $\triangle ABC$.



<u>Step 1:</u>

<u>Step 2:</u>

<u>Step 3:</u>

Example 2

Write an indirect proof.

Given:

Prove: A triangle can contain only one obtuse angle.

Example 3

Write an indirect proof.

Given: △*JKL* with side lengths 5,

7, and 8 as shown

Prove: $m \angle K < m \angle L$

