Geometry Composite of Reflections over Two Parallel Lines

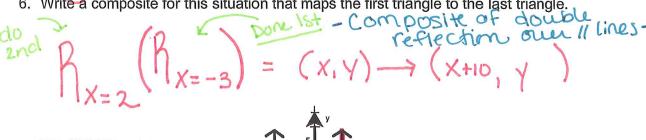
ease take out

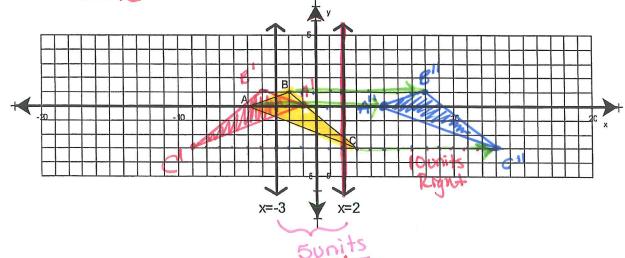
Name

- 1. Using a colored pencil, reflect \triangle ABC over the x = -3 line and label the points A'. B'. and C' respectively. Draw AA'B'C'.
- 2. Using a black pencil, reflect △A'B'C' over the x = 2 line and label the points A", B", and C" respectively. Draw △ A"B"C".
- ⁴ 3. Draw arrows from A to A", from B to B", from C to C" using a different color.

 ⁴ 4. What transformation occurred that would map △ABC onto △A"B"C"? → 100 Notes 100 Note
- 5. How far did ΔABC move to become ΔA"B"C"? _______ In what direction? Right

6. Write a composite for this situation that maps the first triangle to the last triangle.



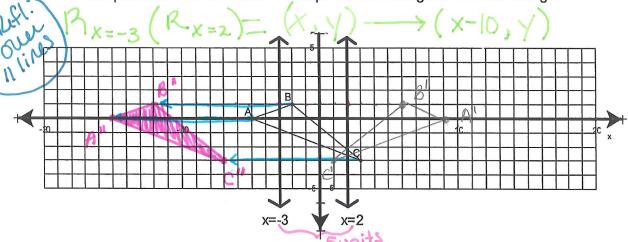


7. Using a colored pencil, reflect ΔABC over the x = 2 line and label the points A', B', and C' respectively. Draw ΔA'B'C'.

- 8. Using a black pencil, reflect $\triangle A'B'C'$ over the x = -3 line and label the points A", B", and C" respectively. Draw $\triangle A''B''C''$.
- 9. Draw arrows from A to A", from B to B", from C to C" using a different color.
- 10. What transformation occurred from ΔABC to become ΔA"B"C"? translation
- 11. How far did ΔABC move to become ΔA"B"C"? 10 υπὶ ts In what direction?

left

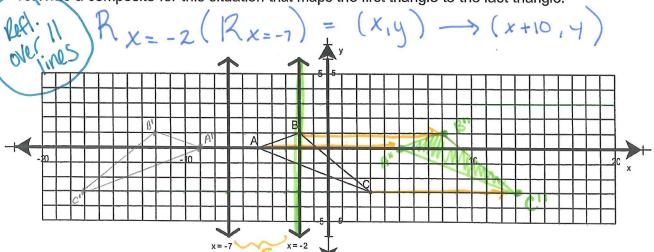
12 Write a composite for this situation that maps the first triangle to the last triangle.



*13. Using a colored pencil, reflect \triangle ABC over the x = -7 line and label the points A', B', and C' respectively. Draw \triangle A'B'C'.

- 14. Using a black pencil, reflect $\triangle A'B'C'$ over the x = -2 line and label the points A", B", and C" respectively. Draw $\triangle A''B''C''$.
- 15. Draw arrows from A to A", from B to B", from C to C" using a different color.
- 16. What transformation occurred from ΔABC to become ΔA"B"C"?

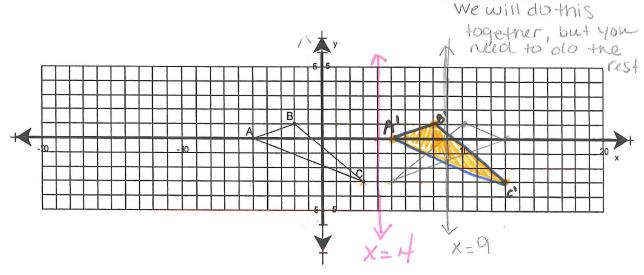
18 Write a composite for this situation that maps the first triangle to the last triangle.



19. Conjecture on any relationship there might be between the distance between the lines and the distance the original triangle moves to reach the ending triangle.

The distance between the two // lines will double to give you the distance of the translation: Answers will/Must be different than this example answer.

 $^{\circ}$ 20. Graph the line x = 4. Find a second line of reflection so that the composite of the two reflections will translate △ ABC 10 units to the right. Write the composite.



$$R_{x=?}(R_{x=4}) = (x,y) \rightarrow (x+10,y)$$

$$R_{X=q}(R_{X=4}) = (x,y) \longrightarrow (x+10,y)$$

- 21. Graph the lines y = 3 and y = -2.
- ω 22. Using a colored pencil, reflect \triangle ABC over the y = 3 line and label the points A', B', and C 'respectively. Draw △A'B'C'.
- ^o 23. Using a black pencil, reflect $\triangle A'B'C'$ over the y = -2 line and label the points A", B", and C" respectively. Draw ∆A"B"C".
- 24. Draw arrows from A to A", from B to B", from C to C" using a different color.
- 10 vnits In what direction? 26. How far did ΔABC move to become ΔA"B"C"? _ down

