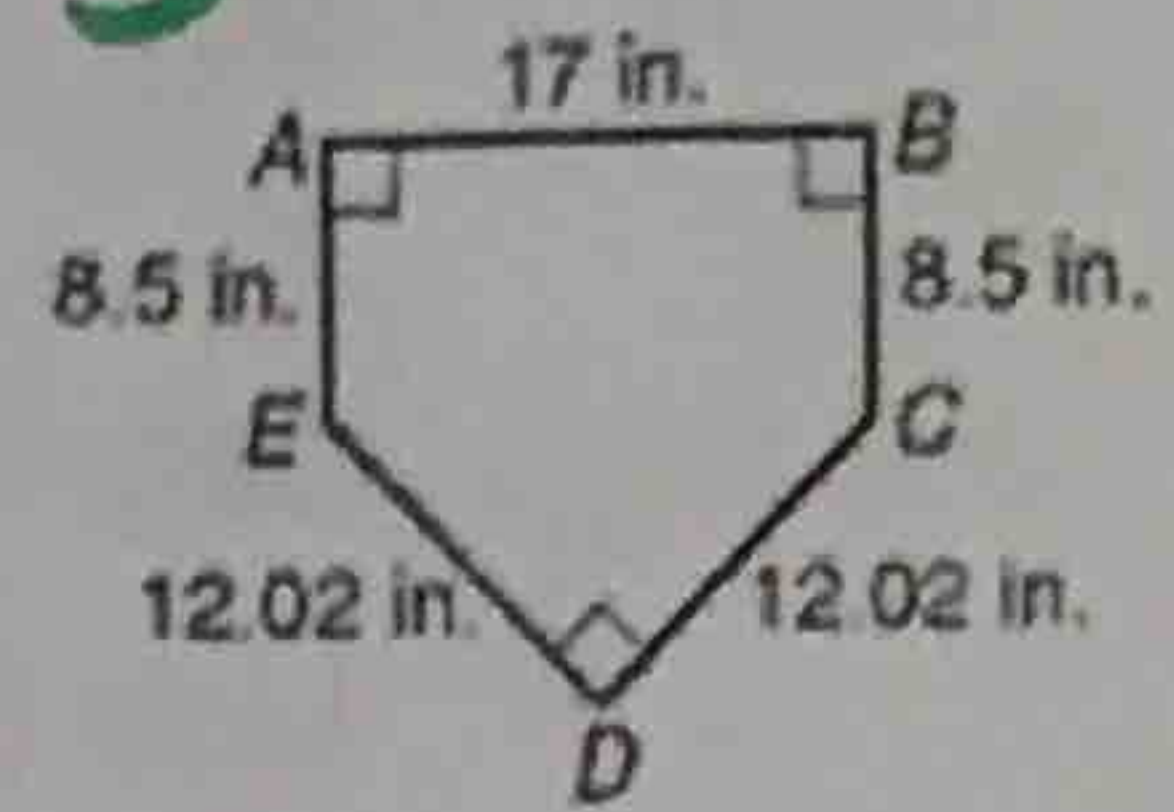


$ABCDE \cong PQRST$

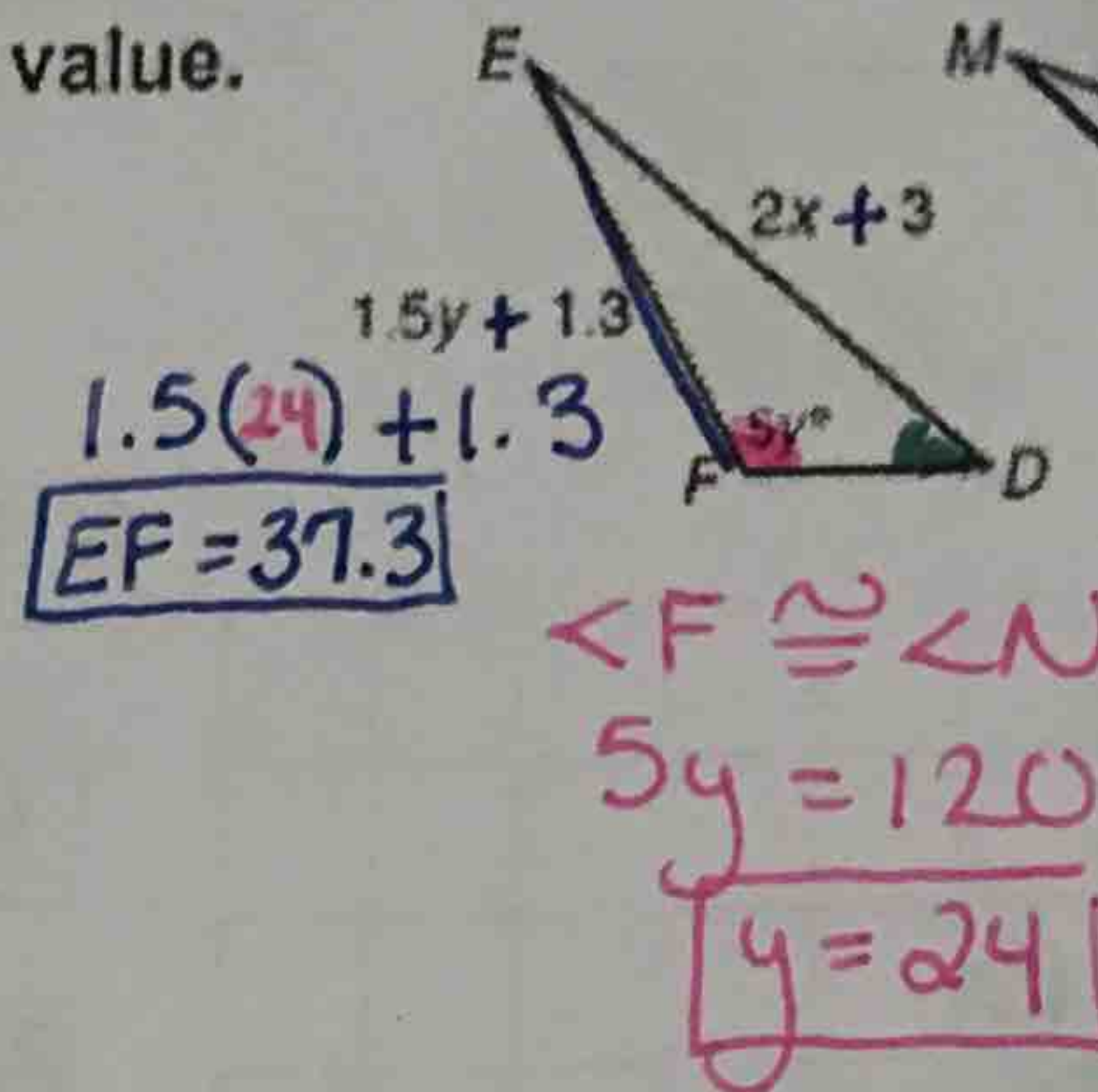
In baseball, home plate is a pentagon. Pentagon $ABCDE$ is a diagram of a regulation home plate. The baseball rules are very specific about the exact dimensions of this pentagon so that every home plate is congruent to every other home plate. If pentagon $PQRST$ is another home plate, identify each congruent corresponding part.



- $\angle S \cong \angle D$
- $\angle B \cong \angle Q$
- $\overline{EA} \cong \overline{TP}$
- $\angle E \cong \angle T$
- $\overline{PQ} \cong \overline{AB}$
- $\overline{TS} \cong \overline{DE}$

Given: $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle LMN$. Find each value.

7. $m\angle L = 40^\circ$
8. $EF = 37.3$



$ED \cong ML$
 $2x + 3 = 53$
 $2x = 50$
 $x = 25$

$\angle L = 25 + 15$
 $m\angle L = 40^\circ$

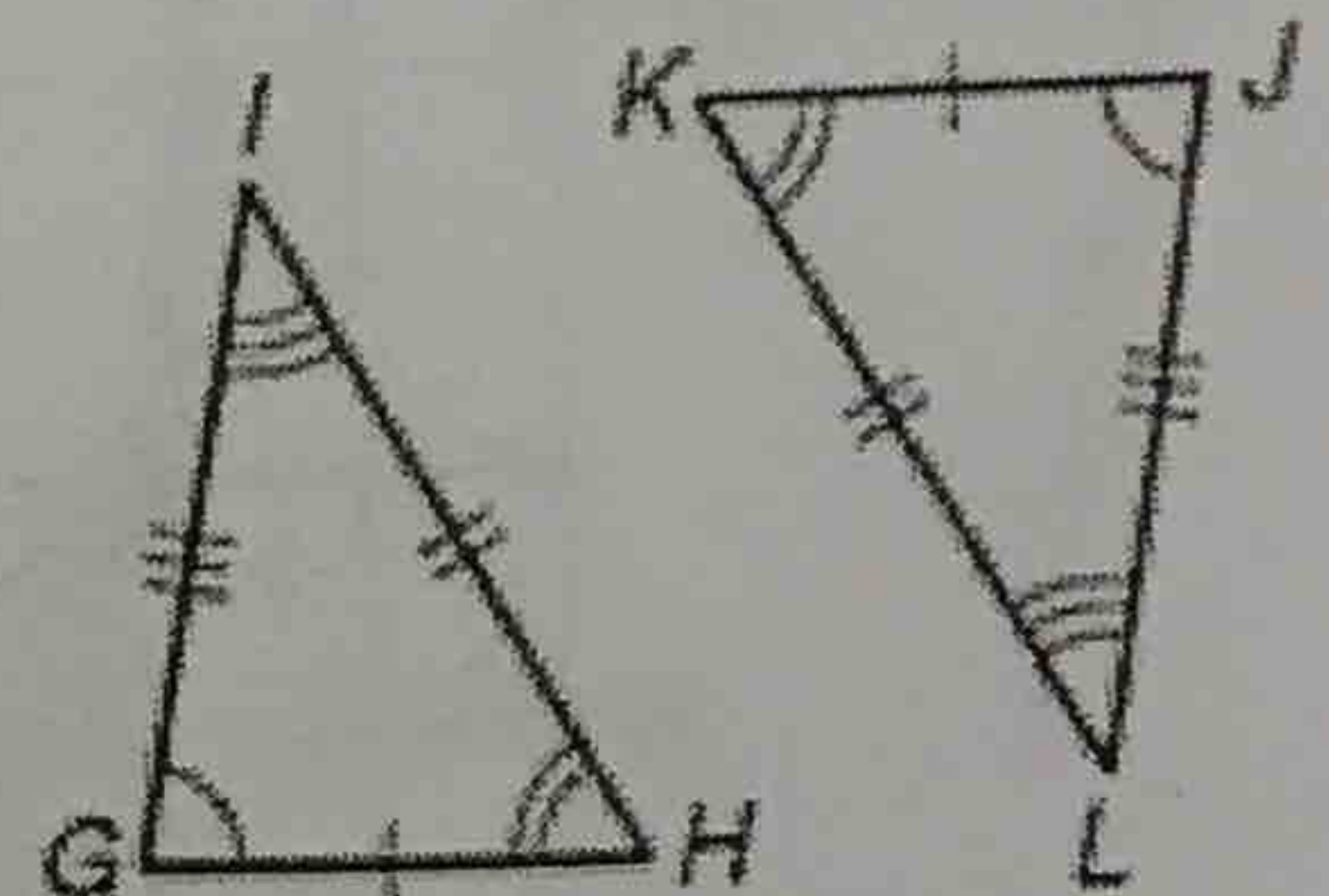
9. For the given triangles:

a. Write a congruence statement. *order matters!*

$\triangle GHI \cong \triangle JKL$

b. Name the three pairs of congruent sides.

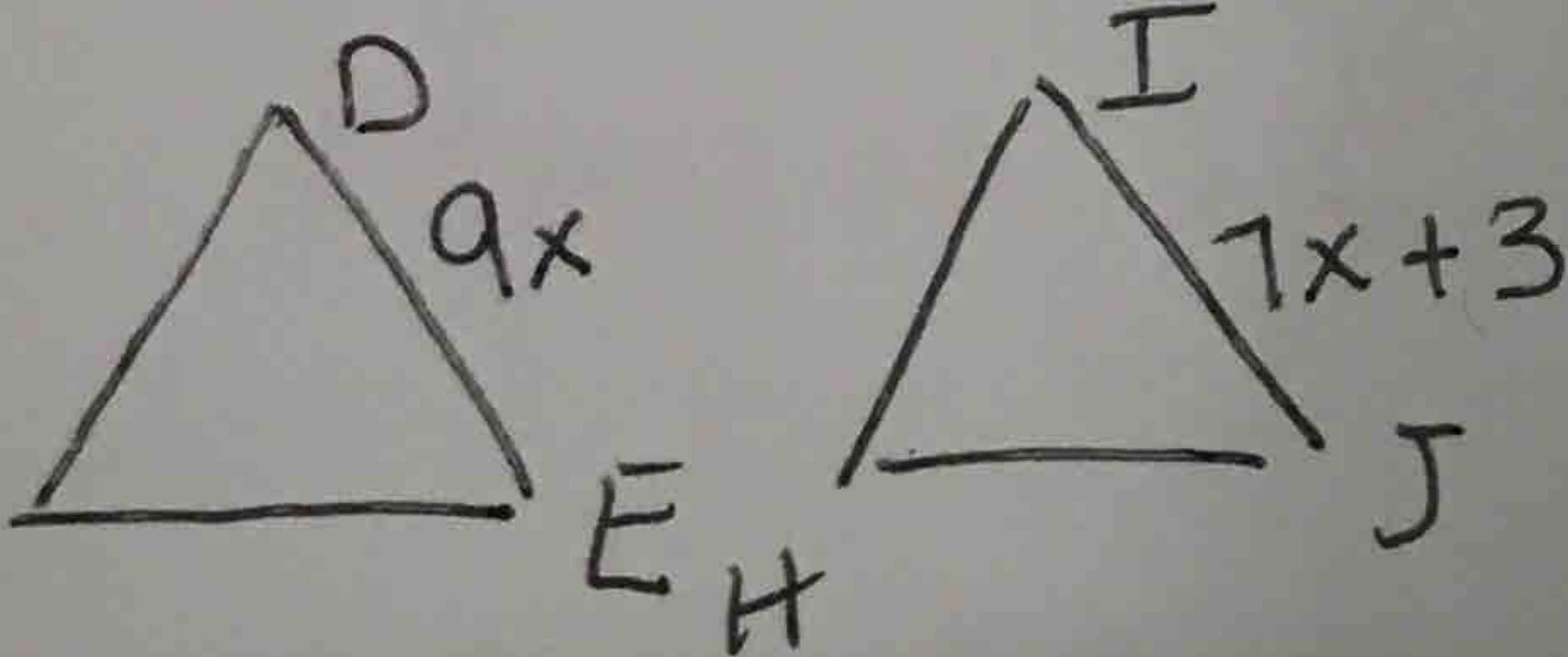
$\overline{GH} \cong \overline{JK}$, $\overline{HI} \cong \overline{KL}$, $\overline{GI} \cong \overline{JL}$



c. Name the three congruent angles.

$\angle G \cong \angle J$, $\angle H \cong \angle K$, $\angle I \cong \angle L$

10. Given: $\triangle CDE \cong \triangle HIJ$, $DE = 9x$, and $IJ = 7x + 3$. Find x and DE .



$DE \cong IJ$
 $9x = 7x + 3$
 $2x = 3$
 $x = 1.5$

$DE = 9(1.5)$
 $DE = 13.5$

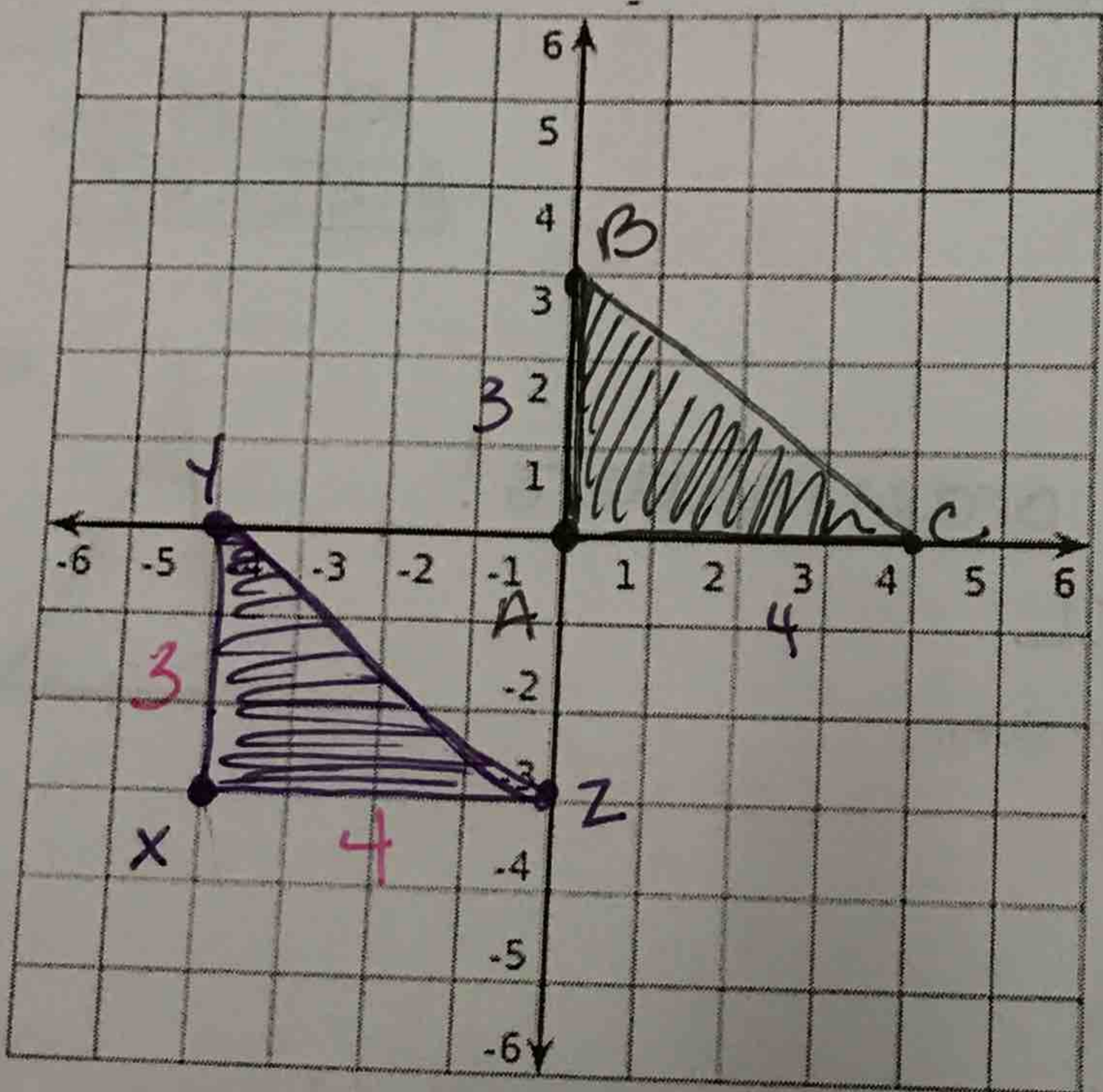
11. Given: $\triangle CDE \cong \triangle HIJ$, $m\angle D = (5y + 1)^\circ$, and $m\angle I = (6y - 25)^\circ$. Find y and $m\angle D$.

$\angle D \cong \angle I$
 $5y + 1 = 6y - 25$
 $26 = y$

$\angle D = 5(26) + 1$
 $\angle D = 131^\circ$

12. Plot these points: $A(0, 0)$, $B(0, 3)$, $C(4, 0)$,
 $X(-4, -3)$, $Y(-4, 0)$, $Z(0, -3)$. Draw
 segments to make $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle XYZ$.
 Use the Distance Formula to find the length of each side.

$AB = \underline{3}$ $BC = \underline{5}$ $AC = \underline{4}$
 $XY = \underline{3}$ $YZ = \underline{5}$ $XZ = \underline{4}$



must show work (For all non vertical + horizontal)

$\boxed{AB = 3}$ (just count)

$BC:$
 $3^2 + 4^2 = BC^2$
 $9 + 16 = BC^2$
 $\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{BC^2}$
 $\boxed{5 = BC}$

$\boxed{AC = 4}$ (just count)

$\boxed{XY = 3}$ (just count)

$YZ:$
 $3^2 + 4^2 = YZ^2$
 $25 = YZ^2$
 $\sqrt{25} = YZ$
 $\boxed{5 = YZ}$

$\boxed{XZ = 4}$ (just count)