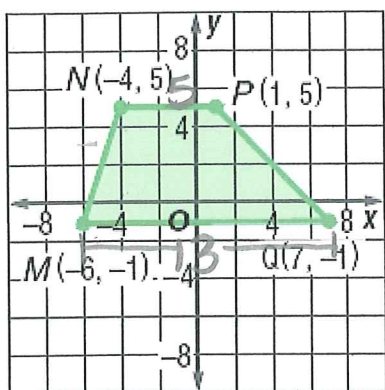


11.1-11.2 COORDINATE GEOMETRY HW

Directions: (A) Classify the polygon. (B) Find the area of each polygon. Round to the nearest hundredth.

1.



a) trapezoid

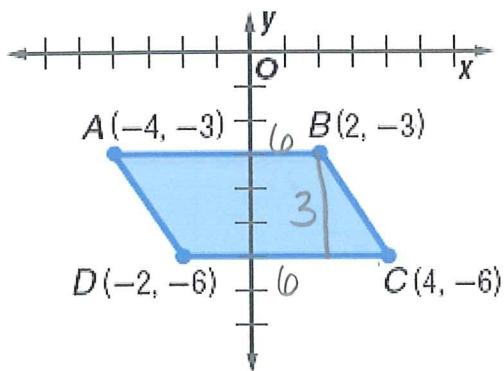
b) $A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(5+13)$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(18)$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(108)$

$A = 54 \text{ units}^2$

2.

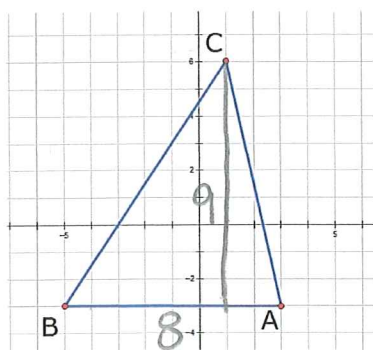


a) Parallelogram

b) $A = (6)(3)$

$A = 18 \text{ units}^2$

3.



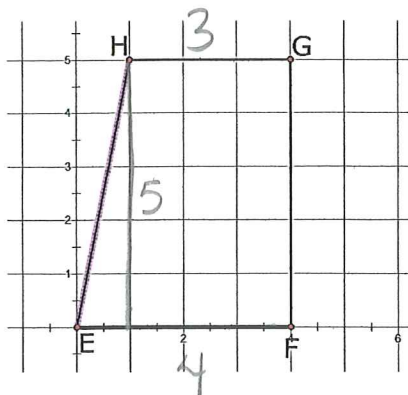
a) Triangle

b) $\frac{1}{2}(8)(9) = A$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(72)$

$A = 36 \text{ units}^2$

4.



a) Trapezoid

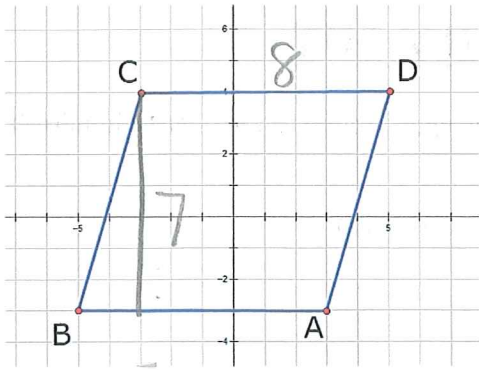
b) $A = \frac{1}{2}(5)(3+4)$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(5)(7)$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(35)$

$A = 17.5 \text{ units}^2$

5.

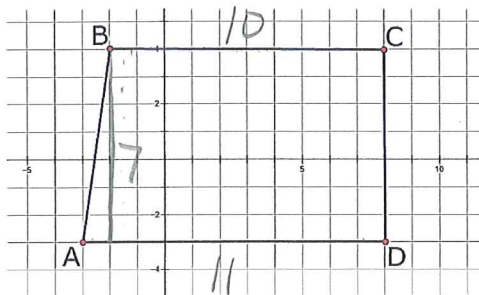


a) Parallelogram

b) $A = (8)(7)$

$A = 56 \text{ units}^2$

6.



a) Trapezoid

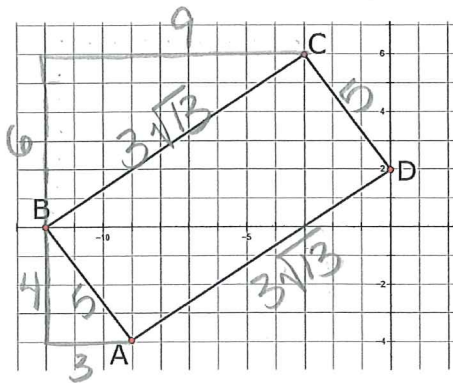
b) $A = \frac{1}{2}(7)(10+11)$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(7)(21)$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(147)$

$A = 73.5 \text{ units}^2$

8.



a) Rectangle

b) $A = (5)(3\sqrt{13})$

$A = 15\sqrt{13} \text{ units}^2$

$4^2 + 3^2 = x^2$

$16 + 9 = x^2$

$\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{x^2}$

$x = 5$

$6^2 + 9^2 = x^2$

$36 + 81 = x^2$

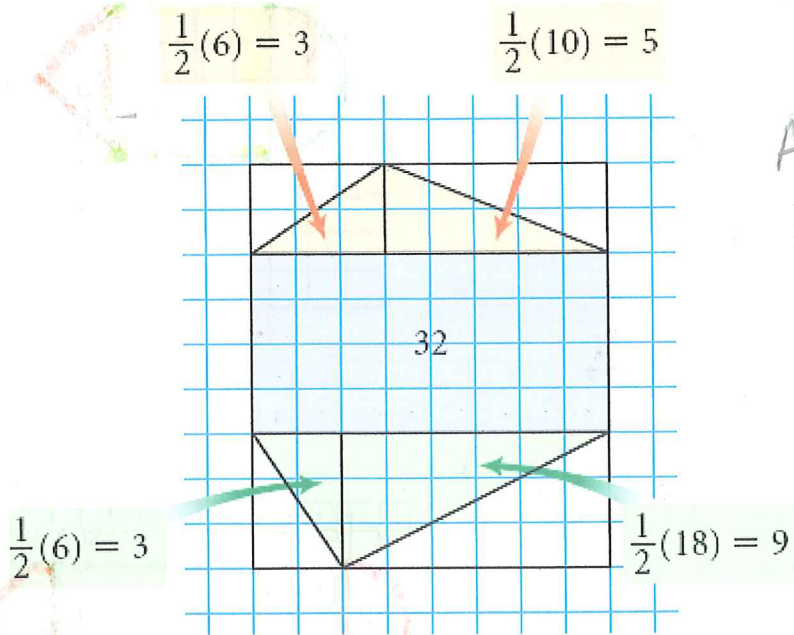
$\sqrt{117} = \sqrt{x^2}$

$x = 3\sqrt{13}$

11.4 Coordinate Geometry and Composite Figures

Notes and Examples

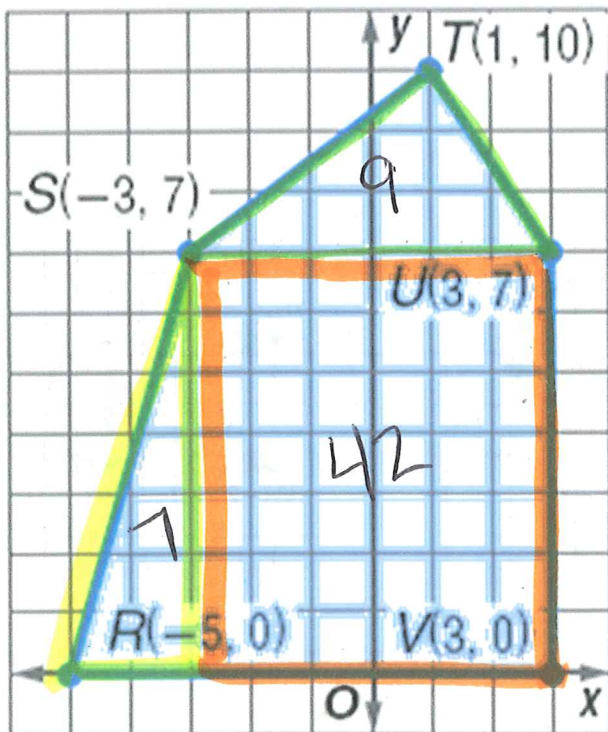
Example: Find the area of each different figure. Color the separate regions and add all areas together.



$$\text{Area} = 3 + 5 + 32 + 3 + 9$$

$$\boxed{A = 52 \text{ units}^2}$$

You try this example:



$$\text{Area} = 42 + 9 + 7 = \boxed{58 \text{ units}^2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(3)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(18)$$

$$A = 9 \text{ units}^2$$

$$A = (7)(6)$$

$$A = 42 \text{ units}^2$$

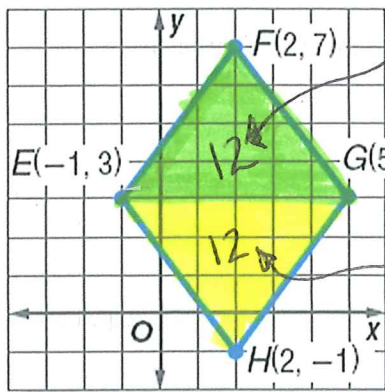
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(2)(7)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(14)$$

$$A = 7 \text{ units}^2$$

Find the area of each composite figure. You must show all work.

1.



$$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(4)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(24)$$

$$A = 12 \text{ units}^2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(4)$$

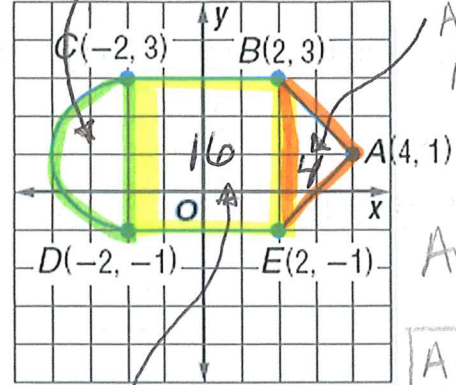
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(24)$$

$$A = 12 \text{ units}^2$$

$$\text{Area} = 12 + 12$$

$$\text{Area} = 24 \text{ units}^2$$

2.



$$A = \pi(2)^2$$

$$A = 4\pi \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(4\pi) = 2\pi$$

b/c $\frac{1}{2}$ circle

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(4)(2)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(8)$$

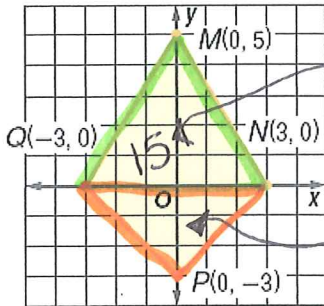
$$A = 4$$

$$A = (4)(4) = 16$$

$$\text{Area} = 4 + 16 + 2\pi$$

$$\text{Area} = 20 + 2\pi \text{ units}^2$$

3.



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(6)(5)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(30)$$

$$A = 15$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(3)$$

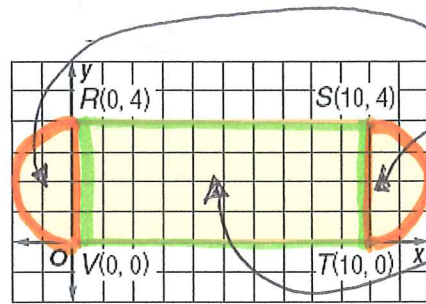
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(18)$$

$$A = 9$$

$$\text{Area} = 15 + 9 =$$

$$A = 24 \text{ units}^2$$

4.



$$A = \pi(2)^2$$

$$A = 4\pi$$

$$A = (10)(4)$$

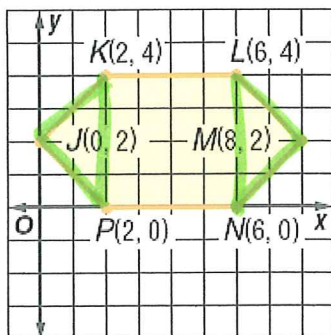
$$A = 40$$

$$\text{Area} = 40 + 4\pi$$

$$A = 40 + 4\pi \text{ units}^2$$

Now you try!!!!

5.

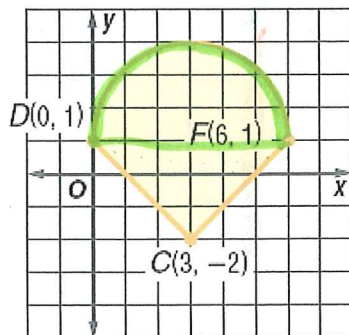


$$A = 16 + 8 = 24 \text{ units}^2$$

$$A = (4)(4) = 16$$

$$A = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}(4)(2)\right) = 8$$

6.

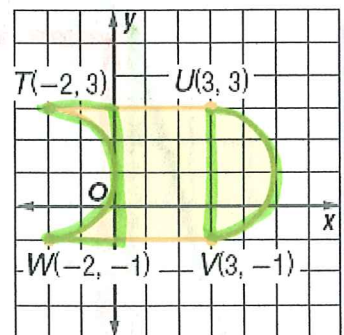


$$A = 9 + 4.5\pi \text{ units}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(3) = 9$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}\pi(3)^2 = 4.5\pi$$

7.



$$A = 12 + 8 = 20 \text{ units}^2$$

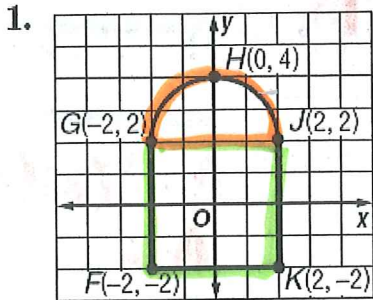
$$A = (3)(4) = 12$$

$$A = (2)(4) = 8$$

Name: _____

Areas of Composite Figures Homework

Find the area of each figure. Round to the nearest tenth.



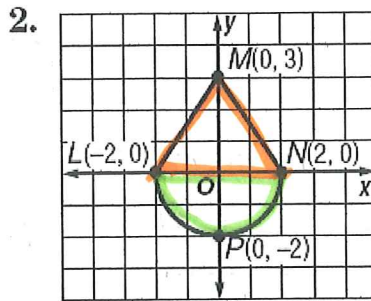
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \pi (2)^2$$

$$A = 2\pi$$

$$A = (4)(4)$$

$$A = 16$$

$$A = 16 + 2\pi \text{ units}^2$$



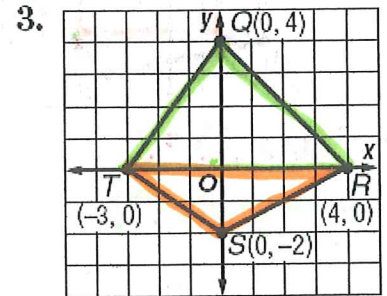
$$A = \frac{1}{2} (4)(3)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (12) = 6$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \pi (2)^2$$

$$A = 2\pi$$

$$A = 6 + 2\pi \text{ units}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2} (7)(4)$$

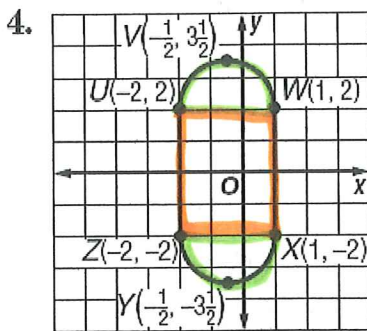
$$A = \frac{1}{2} (28) = 14$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (7)(2)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (14) = 7$$

$$A = 14 + 7$$

$$A = 21 \text{ units}^2$$



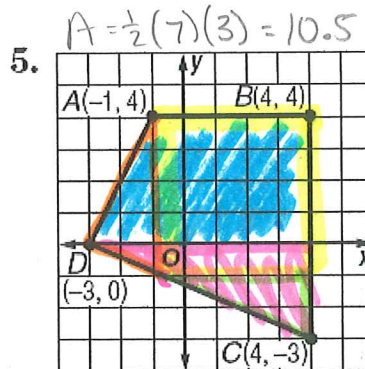
$$A = \pi (1.5)^2$$

$$A = 2.25 \pi$$

$$A = (4)(3)$$

$$A = 12$$

$$A = 12 + 2.25 \pi \text{ units}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2} (7)(3) = 10.5$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (4)(5+7)$$

$$A = 24 \text{ units}^2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (5)(2)$$

$$A = 5$$

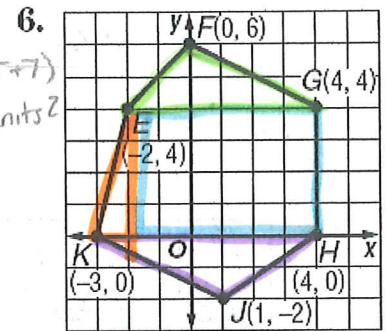
$$A = \frac{1}{2} (2)(4)$$

$$A = 4$$

$$A = 34.5 \text{ units}^2$$

$$A = 5 + 4 + 25$$

$$A = 34.5 \text{ units}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2} (1)(4) = 2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (6)(2) = 6$$

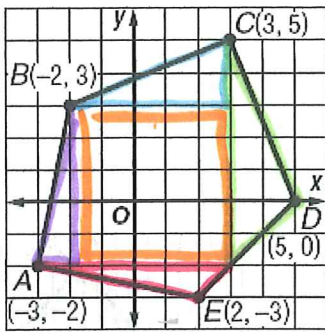
$$A = (4)(6) = 24$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (7)(2) = 7$$

$$A = 24 + 2 + 6 + 7$$

$$A = 39 \text{ units}^2$$

7. pentagon ABCDE



$$A = \frac{1}{2}(5)(2) = 5$$

$$A = (5)(5) = 25$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(1) = 3$$

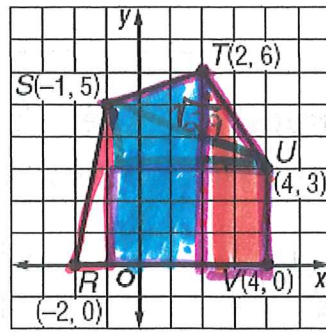
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(7)(2) = 7$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(1)(5) = 2.5$$

$$A = 25 + 5 + 3 + 7 + 2.5$$

$$A = 42.5 \text{ units}^2$$

8. pentagon RSTUV



$$A = \frac{1}{2}(1)(5) = 2.5$$

$$A = (5)(3) = 15$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(5)(2) = 5$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(5+6)(3)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(11)(3)$$

$$A = 16.5$$

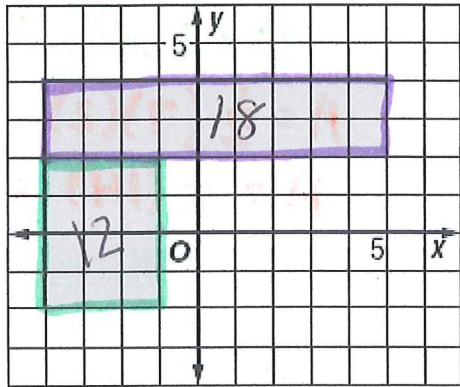
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(5)(2) = 5$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(2)(3+6)$$

$$A = 9$$

$$A = 28 \text{ units}^2$$

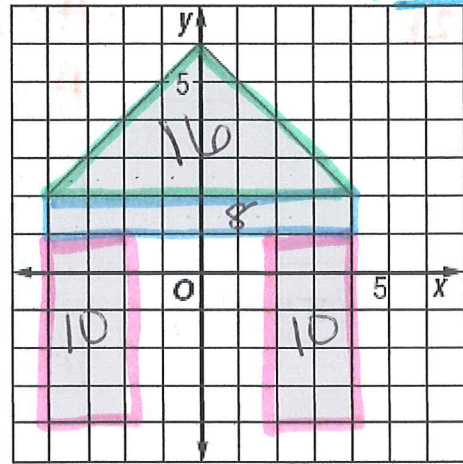
9.



$$A = 18 + 12$$

$$A = 30 \text{ units}^2$$

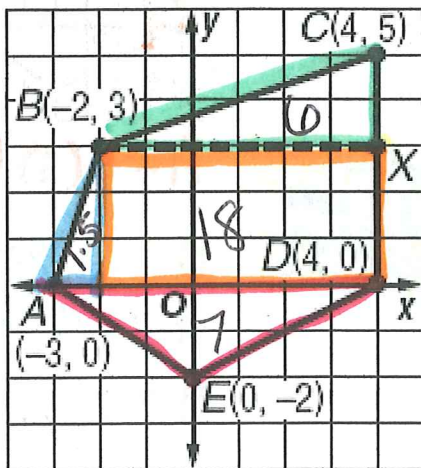
10.



$$A = 10 + 10 + 16 + 8$$

$$A = 44 \text{ units}^2$$

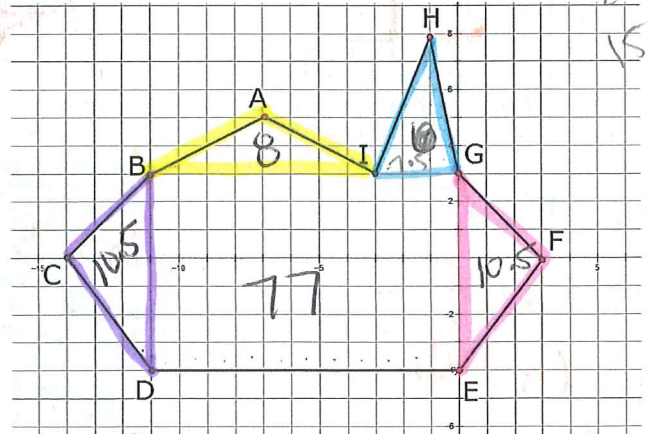
11.



$$A = 18 + 7 + 6 + 1.5$$

$$A = 32.5 \text{ units}^2$$

12.



OHI It's a bunny!

$$A = 77 + 10.5 + 10.5 + 8 + 7.5$$

$$A = 113 \text{ units}^2$$

$$113.5$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(3)(5) = 7.5$$

$$15(\frac{1}{2}) = 7.5$$