N.T.		
Name:		
TIGHTIO.		

Period:

## **Making Conclusions**

1. Given:  $\overline{TO} \cong \overline{AN}$ 

skirt

Conclusion:

Justification:

2. Given: E is the midpoint of  $\overline{BD}$ 

Conclusion:

Justification:\_\_\_\_\_

3. Given: A bisects  $\overline{CT}$ 

Conclusion:

Justification:\_\_\_\_\_

4. Given: CO = OL

Conclusion:

Justification:

5. Given:  $\angle DAY$  and  $\angle YAK$  are a linear pair

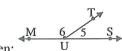
Conclusion:

Justification:

6. Given:  $\angle TOM$  is the supplement of  $\angle SUE$ 

Conclusion:\_\_\_\_

Justification:\_\_\_\_\_



7. Given:

Conclusion:

Justification:



8. Given:

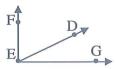
Conclusion:\_\_\_\_

Justification:

9. Given: E F G

Conclusion:

Justification:\_\_\_\_\_



10. Given:

Conclusion:

Justification:\_\_\_\_

11. Given:  $m \angle ABC = m \angle HIJ$ 

Conclusion:

Justification:\_\_\_\_\_

12. Given:  $\angle CAT$  and  $\angle RAP$  are vertical angles.

Conclusion:

Justification:

13. Given:  $\angle SAT \cong \angle ACT$ 

Conclusion:\_\_\_\_\_

Justification:

14. Given: A is in the interior of  $\angle GLD$ 

Conclusion:

Justification:

15. Given: $\overline{FA} \cong \overline{RM}$	8
Conclusion:	21. Given: 9
Justification:	Conclusion:
16. Given: ∠HAM is vertical to ∠EAT	Justification:
Conclusion:	MA. TIZ bisec
Justification:	M I IL Disec
0 0	22. Given:
R U N	Conclusion:
Conclusion:	Justification:
Justification:	23. Given: ∠PAI and ∠IAR are a linear pair
	Conclusion:
8	Justification:
18. Given;	24. Given: ∠ <i>CAT</i> and ∠ <i>RAP</i> are complementary
Conclusion:	
Justification:	angles.
19. Given: $m \angle NAT + m \angle WED = 90^{\circ}$	Conclusion:
Conclusion:	Justification:
Justification:	25. Given: $m \angle NAT + m \angle WED = 180^{\circ}$
<u> </u>	Conclusion:
20. Given: $UB$ bisects $\angle RUY$	Justification:
Conclusion:	
Justification:	26. Given: A is between J and M
	Conclusion:
	1

"Making Conclusions" Worksheet continues on the next page...

For #27 and 28, a two column proof is given but **steps are missing**. Fill in the missing steps and **rewrite** the whole proof **correctly**.

Given:  $\angle 1$  is supplementary to  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 3$  is supplementary

to  $\angle 4$ , and  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$ 

Prove:  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$ 

Statements		Reasons
1.	$\cancel{\cancel{L}}$ 1 & $\cancel{\cancel{L}}$ 2 are supp. $\cancel{\cancel{L}}$ 3 & $\cancel{\cancel{L}}$ 4 are supp.	Given
2.	$m \cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{$	Def. of Supplement.
3.	$m \angle 1 + m \angle 2 = m \angle 3 + m \angle 4$	
4.		
5.	$\overline{)}$	Skip step 5.
6.	$m \angle 1 + m \angle 4 = m \angle 3 + m \angle 4$	Substitution prop, Steps
7.	$m \angle 1 \cong m \angle 3$	Subtraction prop.

Given:  $\angle 5$  is complementary to  $\angle 7$ 

Prove:  $\overline{MI} \perp \overline{IE}$ 

Statements		ements	Reasons	
	1.	∡5 & ∡7 are comp.	Given	
	2.	$m \measuredangle 5 + m \measuredangle 7 = 90^{\circ}$	Def. of complement.	
	3.			
	4.	<i>m</i> ∡ <i>MIE</i> = 90°	Substitution,	
	6.	$\overline{MI} \perp \overline{IE}$	Definition of perpendicular	

Name: Key

Period:\_\_\_\_

## **Making Conclusions**

1. Given:  $\overline{TO} \cong \overline{AN}$ 

Conclusion: TO = AN

Justification: def of equality =

2. Given: E is the midpoint of  $\overline{BD}$ 

Conclusion: BE = ED

Justification: det of midpt

3. Given: A bisects  $\overline{CT}$ 

Conclusion: CA = AT

Justification: def of bisect

4. Given: CO = OL

Conclusion: CO 2 0 L

Justification: def of 2/equality

Given: ∠DAY and ∠YAK are a linear pair

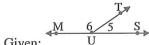
Conclusion: <DAY+ <YAK=180

Justification: Interpoirs orl

6. Given:  $\angle TOM$  is the supplement of  $\angle SUE$ 

Conclusion: <TOM + <SUE = 180°

Justification: def of Suppl.



7. Given:

Conclusion: <5+<6=180

Justification: Ineor Pairs ore

Suppl.



8. Given:

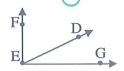
Conclusion:  $\sqrt{7+45} = 90^{\circ}$ 

Justification: def of compl.

9. Given: E F G

Conclusion: EG = EF + FG

Justification: Segment addition



10. Given:

Conclusion: <FEG = <FED + < DEG

Justification: ongle addition

11. Given:  $m \angle ABC = m \angle HIJ$ 

Conclusion: < ABC = ZHIJ

Justification: clef of equality ≥

12. Given:  $\angle CAT$  and  $\angle RAP$  are vertical angles.

Conclusion: < CAT = < RAP

Justification: Vertical LS are

13. Given:  $\angle SAT \cong \angle ACT$ 

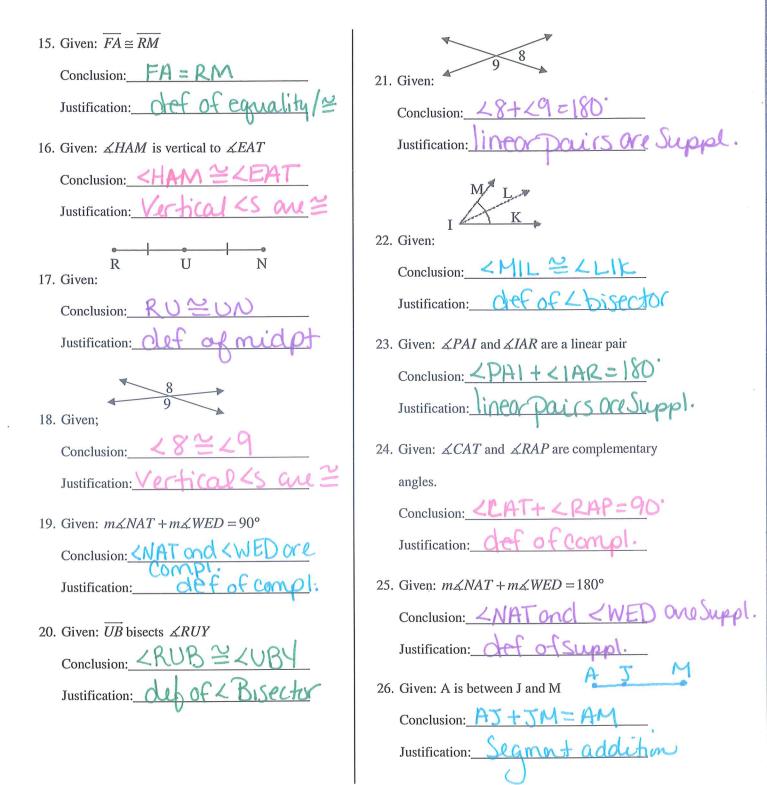
Conclusion: M < SAT = M < ACT

Justification: def of equality/2

14. Given: A is in the interior of  $\angle GLD$ 

Conclusion: <GLA+<LAD = <GLP

Justification: Angle Addition



"Making Conclusions" Worksheet continues on the next page...

For #27 and 28, a two column proof is given but **steps are missing**. Fill in the missing steps and **rewrite** the whole proof **correctly**.

Given:  $\angle 1$  is supplementary to  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 3$  is supplementary

to  $\angle 4$ , and  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$ 

Prove:  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$ 

Statements	Reasons	
1. $\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{4}}}$ 1 & $\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{4}}}$ 2 are supp. $\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{4}}}$ 3 & $\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{4}}}$ 4 are supp.	Given	
2. $m \angle 1 + m \angle 2 = 180^{\circ}$ $m \angle 3 + m \angle 4 = 180^{\circ}$	Def. of Supplement.	
3. $m \angle 1 + m \angle 2 = m \angle 3 + m \angle 4$	Substitution	
4. <a≌≥4< td=""><td>Griven</td><td></td></a≌≥4<>	Griven	
5.		( def of = Step)
$6. \qquad m \angle 1 + m \angle 4 = m \angle 3 + m \angle 4$	Substitution prop, Steps	
7. <i>m</i> ∠1 ≅ <i>m</i> ∠3	Subtraction prop.	

28. M 7 E

Given:  $\angle 5$  is complementary to  $\angle 7$ 

Prove:  $\overline{MI} \perp \overline{IE}$ 

Statements	Reasons	
1. ∠5 & ∠7 are comp.	Given	
$2.   m \angle 5 + m \angle 7 = 90^{\circ}$	Def. of complement.	
3. 15+17=2MIE	ongle addition	
4. $m \angle MIE = 90^{\circ}$	Substitution	
6. $\overline{MI} \perp \overline{IE}$	Definition of perpendicular	