#### 8-3

# **Study Guide and Intervention**

# Special Right Triangles

**Properties of 45°-45°-90° Triangles** The sides of a 45°-45°-90° right triangle have a special relationship.

Example 1 If the leg of a 45°-45°-90° right triangle is x units, show that the hypotenuse is  $x\sqrt{2}$  units.



Using the Pythagorean Theorem with a = b = x, then

$$c^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2}$$

$$= x^{2} + x^{2}$$

$$= 2x^{2}$$

$$c = \sqrt{2x^{2}}$$

$$= x\sqrt{2}$$

Example 2 In a 45°-45°-90° right triangle the hypotenuse is  $\sqrt{2}$  times the leg. If the hypotenuse is 6 units, find the length of each leg.

The hypotenuse is  $\sqrt{2}$  times the leg, so divide the length of the hypotenuse by  $\sqrt{2}$ .

$$a = \frac{6}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2} \text{ units}$$

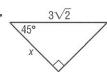
#### Exercises

Find x.

1.



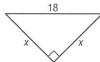
2



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5.



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- 7. Find the perimeter of a square with diagonal 12 centimeters.
- 8. Find the diagonal of a square with perimeter 20 inches.
- $\boldsymbol{9.}$  Find the diagonal of a square with perimeter 28 meters.

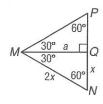
### 8-3

# Study Guide and Intervention (continued)

### Special Right Triangles

**Properties of 30^{\circ}-60^{\circ}-90^{\circ} Triangles The sides of a 30^{\circ}-60^{\circ}-90^{\circ} right triangle also have a special relationship.** 

Example 1 In a 30°-60°-90° right triangle, show that the hypotenuse is twice the shorter leg and the longer leg is  $\sqrt{3}$  times the shorter leg.



 $\triangle MNQ$  is a 30°-60°-90° right triangle, and the length of the hypotenuse  $\overline{MN}$  is two times the length of the shorter side  $\overline{NQ}$ . Using the Pythagorean Theorem,

$$a^{2} = (2x)^{2} - x^{2}$$

$$= 4x^{2} - x^{2}$$

$$= 3x^{2}$$

$$a = \sqrt{3x^{2}}$$

$$= x\sqrt{3}$$

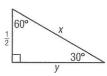
Example 2 In a 30°-60°-90° right triangle, the hypotenuse is 5 centimeters. Find the lengths of the other two sides of the triangle.

If the hypotenuse of a 30°-60°-90° right triangle is 5 centimeters, then the length of the shorter leg is half of 5 or 2.5 centimeters. The length of the longer leg is  $\sqrt{3}$  times the length of the shorter leg, or  $(2.5)(\sqrt{3})$  centimeters.

#### Exercises

Find x and y.

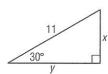
1.



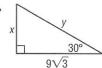
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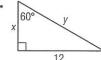
3.



1



5.



6.



- **7.** The perimeter of an equilateral triangle is 32 centimeters. Find the length of an altitude of the triangle to the nearest tenth of a centimeter.
- **8.** An altitude of an equilateral triangle is 8.3 meters. Find the perimeter of the triangle to the nearest tenth of a meter.