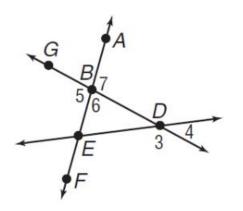
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Hour \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions: Use the figure to answer questions 1-3.** 

Students must review vocabulary as vocabulary will be assessed on the test. ©

1) Name <u>all</u> angles that have B as a vertex.

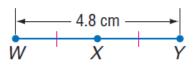


- 2) Name a pair of supplementary angles.
- 3) Name a pair of vertical angles.
- 4) Simplify the radical:  $\sqrt{192}$

5) Find the value of the variable and *ST* if *S* is between *R* and *T*. Let RS = 16, ST = 2x, RT = 5x + 10. You must show all of your work, justify, and show geometry.

6) Find the value of x and *SR* if *R* is between *S* and *T*. *SR* = 3x, RT = 2x + 1, ST = 6x - 1. You must show all of your work, justify, and show geometry.

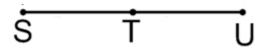
7) Using the picture to the right, find the length of  $\overline{XY}$ . You must show all of your work, justify, and show geometry.



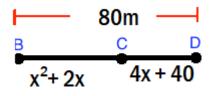
8) Find the value of x and  $\overline{ST}$  using the figure to the right if T is the midpoint of SU. You must show all of your work, justify, and show geometry.

$$S^{2x+1} T^{3x-5} U$$

9) Find the value(s) of x and  $\overline{ST}$  using the figure to the right if T is the midpoint of SU,  $ST = (x - 4)^2$ , and TU = 9cm. You must show all of your work, justify, check your answers, and show geometry.

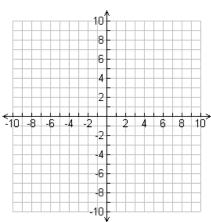


10) Find the value(s) of x and *BC*. You must show all of your work, justify, check your answers, and show geometry.



Directions: Find the distance, midpoint, and slope of each segment. You must simplify radicals and fractions!

11) J(4, 2), K(8, -6)



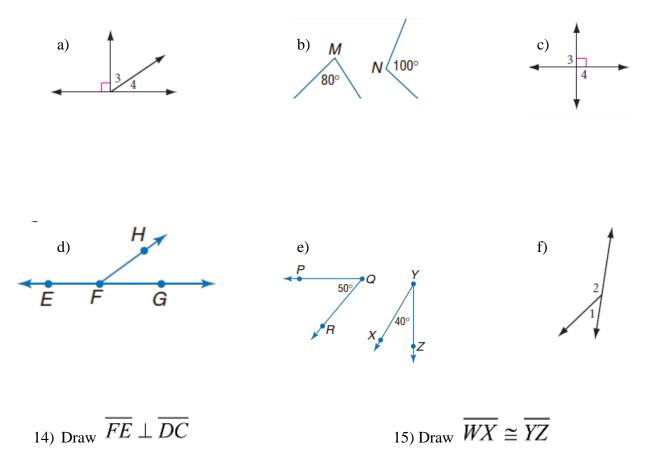
Distance: \_\_\_\_\_

Midpoint:\_\_\_\_\_

Slope: \_\_\_\_\_

12) Find the coordinate of the endpoint S if T is the midpoint of RS and T(3, 4) and R(-2, 3). STUDY THIS!!

13) Classify all that apply: adjacent, vertical, linear pairs, complementary, supplementary, right angle and/or congruent.



16) Draw < QRS and < QRT are a linear pair

17) Draw  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  is a  $\perp$  bisector of  $\overline{ST}$ 

18) Draw  $\overrightarrow{ET}$  is an angle bisector of  $\angle REO$ 

19) Draw  $\overline{QR}$  is a segment bisector of  $\overline{ST}$