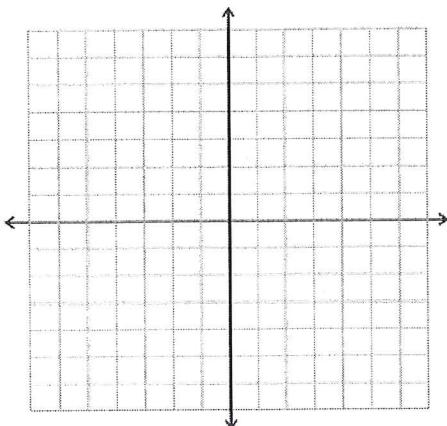


# TRAPEZOID HOMEWORK

1. Determine whether the figure with vertices E(-4,3), F(0,4), G(4,1), and H(4,-3) is a trapezoid. Explain if it is an isosceles triangle.

To be a trapezoid, you must test for \_\_\_\_\_

What about to be and isosceles trapezoid? \_\_\_\_\_

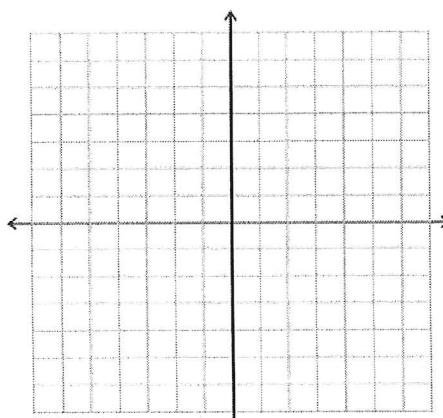


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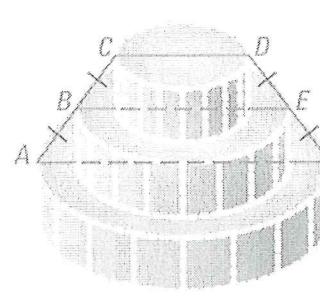
2. Determine whether the figure with vertices E(-3,2), F(-1,6), G(4,6), and H(6,2) is a trapezoid. Explain if it is an isosceles triangle.

To be a trapezoid, you must test for \_\_\_\_\_

What about to be and isosceles trapezoid? \_\_\_\_\_



- 3  LAYER CAKE The top layer of the cake has a diameter of 10 inches. The bottom layer has a diameter of 22 inches. What is the diameter of the middle layer?



$$BE = \frac{1}{2}(AF + CD)$$

$$BE = \frac{1}{2}(22 + 10)$$

$$\boxed{BE = 16 \text{ inches}}$$

5. Determine whether the figure with vertices E(-4,3), F(0,4), G(4,1), and H(4,-3) is a trapezoid.

To be a trapezoid, you must test for One pair of op. sides //

What about to be and isosceles trapezoid? legs (non // sides)  $\cong$

Check slopes to see if //

$$FG = -\frac{3}{4} \quad EH = -\frac{5}{8} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$\therefore$  One pair of op. sides //.

$$GH = 4, \quad EF = 4^2 + 1^2 = \sqrt{17}$$

$\therefore$  Legs are NOT  $\cong$

Since only ONE pair of op. sides are parallel, this EFGH is a GENERAL TRAPEZOID.

6. Determine whether the figure with vertices E(-3,2), F(-1,6), G(4,6), and H(6,2) is a trapezoid.

To be a trapezoid, you must test for one pair of opposite sides //

What about to be and isosceles trapezoid? legs (non // sides)  $\cong$

Check slopes to see if //

$$\text{slope } FG = 0 \quad \text{slope } EH = 0$$

$\therefore$  one pair of op. sides are //

Check to see if legs are

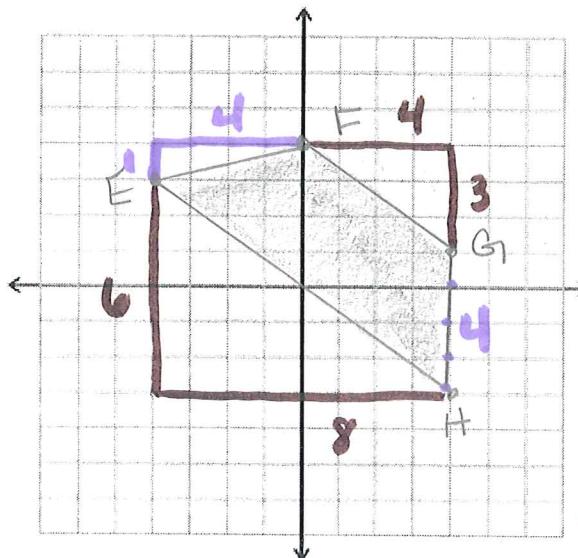
$\cong$

$$FE = 4^2 + 2^2 \\ = \sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$HG = 4^2 + 2^2 \\ = \sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

Since opposite sides

Since one pair of opposite sides are // and  
the non // sides (called legs) are  $\cong$  It is an isosceles trapezoid

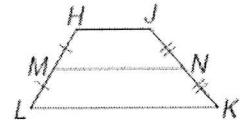


### Exercises

$MN$  is the median of trapezoid  $HJKL$ . Find each indicated value.

1. Find  $MN$  if  $HJ = 32$  and  $LK = 60$ .

$$MN = 46$$



2. Find  $LK$  if  $HJ = 18$  and  $MN = 28$ .

$$LK = 38$$

3. Find  $MN$  if  $HJ + LK = 42$ .

$$MN = 21$$

4. Find  $m\angle LMN$  if  $m\angle LHJ = 116$ .

$$\angle LMN = 116$$

5. Find  $m\angle JKL$  if  $HJKL$  is isosceles and  $m\angle HLK = 62$ .

$$\angle JKL = 62$$

6. Find  $HJ$  if  $MN = 5x + 6$ ,  $HJ = 3x + 6$ , and  $LK = 8x$ .

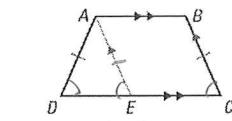
$$HJ = 24$$

8. **GIVEN**  $\square ABCD$  is an isosceles trapezoid.

$$\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}, \overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$$

**PROVE**  $\angle D \cong \angle C$ ,

1. \_\_\_\_\_



1. given

2.  $\triangle AED$  is a parallelogram

2. def of parallelogram

3.  $AE \cong BC$

3. op. sides of pare  
are  $\cong$

4.  $\angle C \cong \angle AED$

4. corr.  $\angle$ s are  $\cong$

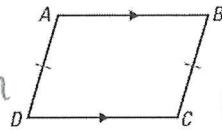
5.  $\angle D \cong \angle AED$

5. base  $\angle$ s of is.  $\square$   $\cong$

6.  $\angle D \cong \angle C$

6. Substitution

9. **ERROR ANALYSIS** A student says that parallelogram  $ABCD$  is an isosceles trapezoid because  $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$  and  $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$ . Explain what is wrong with this reasoning.



our def of  
trap is only one  
pair of op. sides!!

This would be a  
parellogram only.

**STUDYING A TRAPEZOID** Draw a trapezoid  $PQRS$  with  $\overline{QR} \parallel \overline{PS}$ . Identify the segments or angles of  $PQRS$  as *bases*, *consecutive sides*, *legs*, *diagonals*, *base angles*, or *opposite angles*.

10.  $\overline{QR}$  and  $\overline{PS}$  **Bases**

11.  $\overline{PQ}$  and  $\overline{RS}$  **Legs**

12.  $\overline{PQ}$  and  $\overline{QR}$  **Consecutive sides**

13.  $\overline{QS}$  and  $\overline{PR}$  **Diagonals**

14.  $\angle Q$  and  $\angle S$  **Opposite  $\angle$ s**

15.  $\angle S$  and  $\angle P$  **Base  $\angle$ s**

